Opportunities in

Health Services

Ever want to comfort a very sick child?

Or do surgery via computer?

Or test your own DNA?



Come join us. We in health services do many interesting things.



We research the functions of your brain, test your heart, cure your feet. We are there when your children first breathe, when their hearing or speech patterns need fixing, when their overbite needs adjusting. We help you monitor your blood pressure and your brain waves. We help you read the directions on the medication we produce and prescribe and present to you. We teach you how to eat right, exer-

cise, and help you sleep well.





California Department of Education, the California Community Colleges, and EDD. For each industry, there is a statewide report and a report for each of the twelve California STC

guidance counselors with career decisions. The current series explores five industries: Health Services: Arts. Media, and Entertainment: Hospitality. Tourism, and Recreation: Information Technology; and Manufacturing. The series is developed by the Employment Development Department's (EDD) Labor Market Information Division (LMID) California Cooperative Occupational Information System (CCOIS) for California's School-to-Career (STC) system.

The California STC Interagency Partners are: the

About this Publication: This is one of a series of publications developed to aid students and their

regions in order to provide information unique to the different areas. The twelve STC regions

Region 1: Del Norte, Humboldt, Lake, Mendocino, and Sonoma Counties Butte, Glenn, Lassen, Modoc, Plumas, Shasta, Siskiyou, Tehama, and Trinity Counties

Region 2: Region 3: Counties Region 4: Region 5: Region 6: Region 7:

Alpine, Colusa, El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, Sierra, Sutter, Yolo, and Yuba Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Francisco, San Mateo, and Solano Counties Monterey, San Benito, Santa Clara, and Santa Cruz Counties Amador, Calaveras, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, and Tuolumne Counties

Region 8A: Los Angeles County Region 8B: Kern, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, and Ventura Counties

Region 9A: Imperial and San Diego Counties Region 9B: **Orange County** Region 10:

Inyo, Mono, Riverside, and San Bernardino Counties For more information on the California Career Opportunities publications, call (916) 262-2162.

Fresno, Kings, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, and Tulare Counties



ne common thread binds us all — we care about wellness, fitness, and the wonders of the human organism.

Some of us have studied and trained for many years to unravel its mysteries. Others have taken jobs that gave an opportunity to experience life in health services first hand, before seeking more training and education.

We all have opportunities that are a far cry from the days when doctors made housecalls by horse and buggy and anesthesia was a bullet between the teeth. We live in a world that is expanding as rapidly as the most advanced technology. New

Invention? We thrive on it.

Technology and the health care innovators who use it are driving this industry to ever-new discoveries, to solutions we never dreamed of in horse and buggy days.

Opportunities in Health Services 1

We will be there tomorrow

As long as you get sick. . . With well over a million Californians employed in Health Services at this time (that's almost ten percent of California workers), and another two hundred thousand expected to join in the next ten years, this industry will offer opportunities for years to come.

Many of us will be found in new work environments:

 Health-related Biotech is an exciting, cutting edge, rapidly growing field.



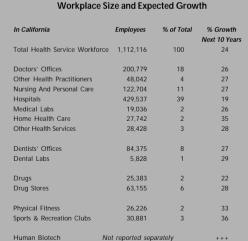
- Home health services and less traditional health practitioners are small but rapidly growing fields.
- And if you like to exercise, or just like to be around



sweat, the physical fitness craze shows no signs of slowing down.

Most of us work in hospitals at some point in our health services careers. After all, about 40 percent of current employees do. As the table shows, hospitals are the single biggest part of the Health Services industry. They are, however, growing more slowly than any other part. This reflects three trends within the industry:

- Increased focus on wellness and preventing illness.
- Increasing ability to perform procedures requiring little or no hospitalization because of advances in technology.
- Stronger aftercare programs that allow patients to return home more quickly after hospitalization.



See the Employment Development Department's Labor Market Information website http://www.calmis.ca.gov for more information.





But . . . would I really fit?

A most excellent question. When considering careers, think first about what kinds of things fascinate you, what kinds of things excite you, what kinds of things you are good at, and what kinds of things are you praised for? What kinds of things would you do even if no one praised you for them?

Then consider a future in health services: select some jobs that seem attractive and study them.

Some questions to ask yourself as you study: What would I do during the day? Am I helping people? In what ways is helping people in health services rewarding? In what ways is it challeng-

ing? Or am I more fascinated with the science of the human organism? Unraveling its mysteries. Solving its puzzles.

What are the working conditions? Are the settings comfortable? Are the hours regular? Is that important?

What's the pay range? Do I work alone? In groups? Teams? Are people skills important? Is the work fast paced? Am I able to advance in my career without a lot of difficulty? Or do I need more training? Is it easy or difficult to find jobs in the industry? Can I move easily geographically?







Will I be excited and challenged?

Will I be motivated to grow, to learn new things?

Will I be fascinated?

How do I get started?

You start with you. You think about your own skills, knowledge, and abilities. Then you think about the skills, knowledge, and abilities required for different jobs in health services. (You'll be looking at these two combinations the rest of your work life.)

Start with abilities. The things you do well naturally. Do you enjoy gathering information to answer a question or solve a problem? Or do you enjoy working with, being around, and helping people? Or do you like making things work?

Any answers? Take a look at the chart below. See if you can find some interesting possibilities. Select a few. Go to the Internet and do a search on a few. Write down what you've learned and what you'd still like to know. Seek out two or three people

who work in the occupation and get a first hand description of what their lives are like and how they got to where they are. And ask your guidance counselor how you can get involved in School to Career's Job Shadowing and Mentoring programs.

Which Health Services Jobs Would You Want? If You Like Working Primarily with ... Required Years of Training: Home Health Aide Medical Insurance Clerk Dental Laboratory Assistant Less than Personal and Home Care Aide Pharmacy Aide Laboratory Assistant 2 Years Nurse Aide/Assistant Medical Office Secretary Physical Therapy Aide Certified Nursing Assistant Optometry Assistant Medical Assistant Operating Room Technician Cardiology Technologist Licensed Vocational Nurse Dental Lab Technician Holter Scanning Technician Physical Therapy Assistant Medical Records Technician Dental Hygienist Medical Transcriber Emergency Medical Tech 2 Years Nuclear Medicine Technologist Paramedic Perfusionist Pharmacy Technician Respiratory Therapist Radiology Technologist Nurse Anesthetist Fitness/Wellness Coordinator Note: All jobs require Physician (Research) Nurse Practitioner Hospital Administrator Registered Nurse working with things. For most 4 or More Histopathologist Physical Therapist professional jobs, however, Years Immunohematologist Dentist Medical Insurance Specialist Physician (General Practice) using information effectively or Medical Records Administrator Infertility Specialist interacting with people are Pharmacist **Emergency Medicine Specialist** Physician Assistants more important requirements Nurse, Infection Control of the jobs. Hospice Administrator

Can't get by on just my abilities, huh . . . ?

Nowledge, education, and training do the trick.

The preceding chart gives you an idea of how much you'll have to educate yourself to get the knowledge you'll need. The higher the starting job in health services, the more knowledge you'll need.

Many professional level jobs require completion of postgraduate studies in medicine or dentistry,

or in business administration, or the physical sciences, and then, internships and residencies in specialized medical fields. If you're fascinated by these areas, prepare yourself well, go after scholarships and student loans to ease financial burdens.



Can I learn this around here?

There are a lot of places to get training and education in Health Services occupations in California.

Twenty-three universities provide bachelor's degrees in nursing and seven have master's programs. In addition, more than seventy schools have associate degree programs. For more information, including the names of resources in your area, call the State Board of Registered Nursing (916) 322-3350, the State Board of Osteopathy (916) 263-3100, or check out the Internet Websites below:

Type of School	Number o School
Medical & Osteopathic Schools	11
4-Year, College level and above	335
2-Year, Technical & Community Colleges	231
Hospital or Health Programs, Private Business & Tec Schools, Public Adult Schools with Occupational Pro	
Public Secondary, Job Training Partnership, Apprenti- Regional Occupational Programs, Other	ceship, 386
For more information, visit these websites:	
For more information, visit these websites: • Enhanced State Training Inventory links to training programs throughout California	http://www.soicc.ca.gov
Enhanced State Training Inventory links	http://www.soicc.ca.gov http://www.acinet.org/acinet

So, now I'm ready...?

You're through school? Then, yes! You're ready to take your abilities and your knowledge and apply them to the job.

That's skill development, something you'll be doing for the rest of your life. What kinds of skills are important to researching DNA, to other health services jobs? The list below should give you something to think about. How would you combine your natural abilities with knowledge to get better and better at these skills?

Important Skills for EVERYONE in Health Services: Communication is key.

Reading Comprehension Understanding written sentences and paragraphs in work related documents

Active Listening Listening to what other people are saying and asking guestions that are appropriate

Speaking Talking to others to convey information effectively

Information Gathering Knowing how to find information and identifying essential information

Information Organization Finding ways to structure or classify multiple pieces of information

Writing Communicating effectively with others in writing as indicated by the needs of the audience

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Important Skills for ENTRY LEVEL Jobs: People skills are key.

Social Perceptiveness Being aware of others' reactions and understanding why they react the way they do

Coordination Adjusting actions in relation to others' actions

Important Skills for TECHNICAL Jobs: Technical precision is key.

Monitoring Assessing how well one is doing when learning or doing something

Mathematics Using mathematics to solve problems

Operation and Control

Controlling operations of equipment and systems

Important Skills for PROFESSIONAL Jobs: Problem solving is key.

Science Using scientific methods to solve problems

Critical Thinking Using logic and analysis to identify the strengths and weaknesses of different

approaches

Judgment and Decision Making Weighing the relative costs and benefits of a potential action

Coordination Adjusting actions in relation to others' actions

Can I find a job easily? Will I be secure? Does it pay well?

Yes to all of these, with a few exceptions. Most jobs within this industry are fairly easy to find because the demand for qualified people is high.

Physicians' median income is currently above \$150,000 and average income is close to \$200,000. Specialists earn significantly more than general practitioners. Generally, income level is tied to training and education. Do your own search on the Internet for your special interest area.

An interesting fact that may affect your sense of security: physicians have been self-employed historically, but recent trends toward managed care are changing that. According to the American Medical Association, more and more physicians are becoming employees, and physicians as employees currently account for about 40% of total doctors.

The Health Services industry provides better benefits than many industries, in part because the benefits most often offered by employers are health related benefits. The Health Services industry is in a good position to offer them.

California Jobs	Median Hourly Wages			Benefits ¹		Demand ²	
	New Inexperienced	New Experienced	3 Years with Firm	Fulltime	Parttime	Experienced	Inexperienced
Entry Level	\$	\$	\$	%	%	%	%
Dental Assistants	8.00	10.00	12.50	55+	10+	65	60
Medical & Clinical Lab Assistants	8.40	9.00	10.49	75+	30+	58	43
Medical Assistants	7.00	8.50	10.00	50+	10+	55	55
Nurse Aides	6.12	6.50	7.55	75+	30+	65	50
Physical Therapy Aides	6.50	7.95	9.50	50+	15+	45	28
Technical Level							
Bio-Tech Research Assistants	10.00	12.47	14.86	65+	5+	50	45
Dental Hygienists	30.00	31.25	34.38	35+	10+	66	62
Licensed Vocational Nurces	11.00	12.28	13.75	75+	30+	47	37
Pharmacy Technicians	8.00	9.69	11.76	65+	15+	54	46
Physical Therapy Assistants	12.00	13.47	16.00	65+	15+	61	52
Radiologic Technologists	13.00	14.50	16.00	70+	30+	35	49
Surgical Technicians	10.07	12.50	14.92	85+	30	57	52
Professional Level							
Biological Scientists	12.94	17.65	21.57	85+	10+	42	36
Medical/Clinical Lab Technologists	15.00	17.00	20.00	75+	30	35	42
Physical Therapists	20.14	23.00	25.90	70+	20+	60	50
Physicians' Assistants	26.15	29.00	32.60	55+	10+	54	78
Recreation Workers	6.25	7.19	9.00	65+	15+	45	28
Registered Nurses	15.00	17.00	19.47	85+	35+	62	52
Respiratory Care Practitioners	12.00	14.25	16.61	90+	60+	47	30

¹⁾ Benefits: Percent of employers offering Medical, Dental, Sick Leave, and Vacation benefits.

²⁾ Demand: Percent of employers saying they have a somewhat or very difficult time finding candidates.

Who's Hiring?

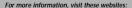
Can't tell you that specifically. But we can tell you how many Health Service employers there are in the State, as shown below. Consult your regional publication in this series to find out how many there are in your county.

Here are a few ways to find out who's hiring:

- Consult your local resources for leads. Check your local hospital. Use the local health services directories
- Ask your family doctor or dentist. Or one of the other Health Services professionals who have served
 you in the past. They'll be very happy to help quide a potential future colleague.
- Explore the Internet sites below for a great series of links that'll take you almost anywhere.

Plan well, and good fortune to you!

California Employers				
Workplace	Number of Employers			
Total Health Services	65,210			
Doctors' Offices	24,813			
Other Health Practitioner	s 11,302			
Nursing and Personal Car	e 1,461			
Hospitals	1,598			
Medical Labs	961			
Home Health Care	1,041			
Other Health Services	1,360			
Dentists' Offices	15,420			
Dental Labs	1,068			
Drugs	346			
Drug Stores	3,738			
Physical Fitness	1,032			
Sports and Recreation Cl	ubs 1,070			
Human Biology	Not Reported Separately			



California Occupational Information Coordinating Committee links to many resources

Employment Development Department links to STC, CalJOBS, and America's Job Bank

California State Personnel Board links to various government job sites

Industry Background: The California Trade and Commerce Agency

Emerging BioTech Industry:





http://www.soicc.ca.gov

http://www.edd.ca.gov

http://www.spb.ca.gov/jobs.htm

http://commerce.ca.gov/california/economy/profiles

The University of California, Berkeley http://www-biotech.berkeley.edu/CABioStory/californ.html

The University of California, San Diego http://biochemgen.ucsd.edu/

About the Data: Industries in this and other Career Opportunities reports reflect the California Department of Education's selection of Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) that would provide the best overall picture of an industry to students, quidance counselors, and parents. Some classifications have been assigned to more than one 'industry group' because the classifications have direct relevance to more than one 'industry.' For example, data for Physical Fitness Facilities are included both in the Health Services and in the Hospitality, Tourism, and Recreation publications.

Data are drawn from:

Statistics (ES) 202. Counts and percentages are from the 3^d Quarter of 1997. Projections of Growth are from 1995 ES 202 Data. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. Which Health Services Jobs Would You Want (page 4) and the information regarding skills:

 Workplace Size and Expected Growth (page 2) and California Employers (page 8): the Employment Development Department (EDD) Labor Market Information Division (LMID) Employment

- Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT), Occupational Information Network (O*NET), and the Department of Labor.
- California Schools (page 5): the Enhanced State Training Inventory and the State Boards of Registered Nursing (916-322-1700) and of Osteopathy (916-263-3100). Counts are approximate and include multiple sites of the same provider.
- Wages, Benefits, and Demand for Selected Health Services Jobs (page 7): EDD LMID California Cooperative Occupational Information System (CCOIS) Occupational Summaries, 1995-1997. show higher wage levels. In many cases, however, the differences between union and nonunion wages are small. Wages reflect periods having different minimum wages. A median

Wages for jobs having union and non-union employees are reported for whichever of the two wage is the middle point in a range of wages.















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